115th CONGRESS 2d Session **S**.

To create a Carbon Dividend Trust Fund for the American people in order to encourage market-driven innovation of clean energy technologies and market efficiencies which will reduce harmful pollution and leave a healthier, more stable, and more prosperous nation for future generations.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. COONS (for himself and Mr. FLAKE) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

- To create a Carbon Dividend Trust Fund for the American people in order to encourage market-driven innovation of clean energy technologies and market efficiencies which will reduce harmful pollution and leave a healthier, more stable, and more prosperous nation for future generations.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Energy Innovation and
- 5 Carbon Dividend Act of 2018".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2 The Congress finds that—

- 3 (1) efficient markets strengthen our economy
 4 and benefit our Nation by encouraging competition,
 5 innovation, and technological progress;
- 6 (2) efficient markets should reflect all costs of
 7 goods to ensure that they advance America's pros8 perity and national interests;
- 9 (3) emissions of carbon pollution and other 10 harmful pollutants into our Nation's air impose sub-11 stantial costs on all Americans and on future gen-12 erations; and
- (4) creation of a Carbon Dividend Trust Fund,
 to be distributed to the American people, will make
 markets more efficient, create jobs, and stimulate
 competition, innovation, and technological progress
 that benefit all Americans and future generations.

18 SEC. 3. CARBON DIVIDENDS AND CARBON FEE.

19 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Internal Revenue Code of
20 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new
21 subtitle:

22 "Subtitle L—CARBON DIVIDENDS 23 AND CARBON FEE

"Chapter 101. Carbon Fees "Chapter 102. Carbon Border Fee Adjustment

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"CHAPTER 101—CARBON FEES

"Sec. 9901. Definitions.
"Sec. 9902. Carbon fee.
"Sec. 9903. Emissions reduction schedule.
"Sec. 9904. Fee on fluorinated greenhouse gases.
"Sec. 9905. Decommissioning of Carbon Administration.
"Sec. 9906. Carbon Capture and Sequestration.
"Sec. 9907. Administrative authority.

2 "SEC. 9901. DEFINITIONS.

3 "For purposes of this subtitle:

4 "(a) ADMINISTRATOR.—The term 'Administrator'
5 means the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
6 Agency.

7 "(b) CARBON DIOXIDE EQUIVALENT OR CO₂-E.—
8 The term 'carbon dioxide equivalent' or 'CO₂-e' means the
9 number of metric tons of carbon dioxide emissions with
10 the same global warming potential as one metric ton of
11 another greenhouse gas.

12 "(c) CARBON-INTENSIVE PRODUCT.—The term 'car13 bon-intensive product' means, as identified by the Sec14 retary by rule—

"(1) any manufactured or agricultural product
which the Secretary in consultation with the Administrator determines is emissions-intensive and tradeexposed, except that no covered fuel is a carbon-intensive product, and

20 "(2) until such time that the Secretary promul21 gates rules identifying carbon-intensive products, the
22 following shall be considered carbon-intensive prod-

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ucts: iron, steel, steel mill products (including pipe
 and tube), aluminum, cement, glass (including flat,
 container, and specialty glass and fiberglass), pulp,
 paper, chemicals, or industrial ceramics.

5 "(d) CARBON LEAKAGE.—The term 'carbon leakage' means an increase of global greenhouse gas emissions 6 7 which are substantially due to the relocation of greenhouse 8 gas sources from the United States to jurisdictions which 9 lack comparable controls upon greenhouse gas emissions. 10 "(e) COST OF CARBON OR CARBON COSTS.—The 11 term 'cost of carbon' or 'carbon costs' means a national 12 or sub-national government policy which explicitly places 13 a price on greenhouse gas pollution and shall be limited to either a tax on greenhouse gases or a system of cap-14 15 and-trade. The cost of carbon is expressed as the price per ton of CO₂-e. 16

17 "(f) COVERED ENTITY.—The term 'covered entity'18 means—

19 "(1) in the case of crude oil—

20 "(A) a refinery operating in the United
21 States, and

22 "(B) any importer of any petroleum or pe23 troleum product into the United States,

24 "(2) in the case of coal—

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1	"(A) any coal mining operation in the
2	United States, and
3	"(B) any importer of coal into the United
4	States,
5	"(3) in the case of natural gas—
6	"(A) any entity entering pipeline quality
7	natural gas into the natural gas transmission
8	system, and
9	"(B) any importer of natural gas into the
10	United States,
11	"(4) in the case of fluorinated gases any entity
12	required to report the emission of a fluorinated gas
13	under part 98 of title 40, Code of Federal Regula-
14	tions, and
15	"(5) any entity or class of entities which, as de-
16	termined by the Secretary, is transporting, selling,
17	or otherwise using a covered fuel in a manner which
18	emits a greenhouse gas to the atmosphere and which
19	has not been covered by the carbon fee, the
20	fluorinated greenhouse gas fee, or the carbon border
21	fee adjustment.
22	"(g) COVERED FUEL.—The term 'covered fuel'
23	means crude oil, natural gas, coal, or any other product
24	derived from crude oil, natural gas, or coal which shall
25	be used so as to emit greenhouse gases to the atmosphere.

"(h) CRUDE OIL.—The term 'crude oil' means
 unrefined petroleum.

3 "(i) EXPORT.—The term 'export' means to transport
4 a product from within the jurisdiction of the United States
5 to persons outside the United States.

6 "(j) FLUORINATED GREENHOUSE GAS.—The term 7 'fluorinated greenhouse gas' means sulfur hexafluoride 8 (SF_6) , nitrogen trifluoride (NF_3) , and any fluorocarbon 9 except for controlled substances as defined in subpart A 10 of part 82 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, and substances with vapor pressures of less than 1 mm of Hg 11 12 absolute at 25 degrees. With these exceptions, 'fluorinated 13 greenhouse gas' includes but is not limited to any 14 hydrofluorocarbon, any perfluorocarbon, any fully 15 fluorinated linear, branched or cyclic alkane, ether, tertiary amine or aminoether, any perfluoropolyether, and 16 17 any hydrofluoropolyether.

18 "(k) FOSSIL FUEL.—The term 'fossil fuel' means
19 coal, coal products, petroleum, petroleum products, or nat20 ural gas.

"(l) FULL FUEL CYCLE GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.—The term 'full fuel cycle greenhouse gas emissions' means the greenhouse gas content of a covered fuel
plus that covered fuel's upstream greenhouse gas emissions.

1 "(m) GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL.—The term 2 'global warming potential' means the ratio of the time-3 integrated radiative forcing from the instantaneous release 4 of one kilogram of a trace substance relative to that of 5 one kilogram of carbon dioxide.

6 "(n) GREENHOUSE GAS.—The term 'greenhouse gas'
7 means carbon dioxide (CO₂), methane (CH₄), nitrous
8 oxide (N₂O), sulfur hexafluoride (SF₆),
9 hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), perfluorocarbon (PFCs), and
10 other gases as defined by rule of the Administrator.

''(0) 11 GREENHOUSE GAS CONTENT.—The term 12 'greenhouse gas content' means the amount of greenhouse 13 gases, expressed in metric tons of CO₂-e, which would be emitted to the atmosphere by the use of a covered fuel 14 15 and shall include, nonexclusively, emissions of carbon dioxide (CO₂), nitrous oxide (N₂O), methane (CH₄), and other 16 17 greenhouse gases as identified by rule of the Adminis-18 trator.

19 "(p) GREENHOUSE GAS EFFECT.—The term 'green20 house gas effect' means the adverse effects of greenhouse
21 gases on health or welfare caused by the greenhouse gas's
22 heat-trapping potential or its effect on ocean acidification.
23 "(q) IMPORT.—Irrespective of any other definition in

24 law or treaty, the term 'import' means to land on, bring

into, or introduce into any place subject to the jurisdiction
 of the United States.

3 "(r) PETROLEUM.—The term 'petroleum' means oil
4 removed from the earth or the oil derived from tar sands
5 or shale.

6 "(s) PRODUCTION GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.— 7 The term 'production greenhouse gas emissions' means 8 the quantity of greenhouse gases, expressed in metric tons 9 of CO₂-e, emitted to the atmosphere resulting from, non-10 exclusively, the production, manufacture, assembly, trans-11 portation, or financing of a product.

12 "(t) UPSTREAM GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS.— 13 The term 'upstream greenhouse gas emissions' means the 14 quantity of greenhouse gases, expressed in metric tons of 15 CO₂-e, emitted to the atmosphere resulting from, non-16 exclusively, the extraction, processing, transportation, fi-17 nancing, or other preparation of a covered fuel for use. 18 "SEC. 9902. CARBON FEE.

19 "(a) CARBON FEE.—There is hereby imposed a car20 bon fee on any covered entity's emitting use, or sale or
21 transfer for an emitting use, of any covered fuel.

22 "(b) AMOUNT OF THE CARBON FEE.—The carbon23 fee imposed by this section is an amount equal to—

24 "(1) the greenhouse gas content of the covered25 fuel, multiplied by

1	"(2) the carbon fee rate.
2	"(c) CARBON FEE RATE.—For purposes of this sec-
3	tion—
4	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The carbon fee rate, with
5	respect to any use, sale, or transfer during a cal-
6	endar year, shall be—
7	"(A) in the case of calendar year 2019,
8	\$15, and
9	"(B) except as provided in paragraph (2),
10	in the case of any calendar year thereafter, the
11	carbon fee rate in effect under this subsection
12	for the preceding calendar year, plus \$10.
13	"(2) Exceptions.—
14	"(A) INCREASED CARBON FEE RATE
15	AFTER MISSED ANNUAL EMISSIONS REDUCTION
16	TARGET.—In the case of any year immediately
17	following a year for which the Secretary deter-
18	mines under 9903(b) that the actual emissions
19	of greenhouse gases from covered fuels exceeded
20	the emissions reduction target for the previous
21	year, paragraph (1)(B) shall be applied by sub-
22	stituting '\$15' for '\$10'.
23	"(B) CESSATION OF CARBON FEE RATE IN-
24	CREASE AFTER CERTAIN EMISSION REDUCTIONS
25	ACHIEVED.—In the case of any year imme-

1 diately following a year for which the Secretary 2 determines under 9903(b) that actual emissions 3 of greenhouse gases from covered fuels is not 4 more than 10 percent of the greenhouse gas 5 emissions from covered fuels during the year 6 2015, paragraph (1)(B) shall be applied by sub-7 stituting '\$0' for '\$10'.

8 "(d) EXEMPTION AND REFUND.—The Secretary 9 shall prescribe such rules as are necessary to ensure the 10 fee imposed by this section is not imposed with respect to any nonemitting use, or any sale or transfer for a non-11 12 emitting use, including rules providing for the refund of 13 any carbon fee paid under this section with respect to any 14 such use, sale, or transfer.

15 "(e) AGRICULTURE EXEMPTIONS.—

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"(1) FUEL.—If any covered fuel or its deriva-17 tive is used on a farm for a farming purpose, the 18 Secretary shall pay (without interest) to the ultimate 19 purchaser of such covered fuel or its derivative, the 20 total amount of carbon fees previously paid upon 21 that covered fuel, as specified by rule of the Sec-22 retary.

23 "(2) FARM, FARMING USE, AND FARMING PUR-POSE.—The terms 'farm', 'farming use', and 'farm-24

ing purpose' shall have the respective meanings
 given such terms under section 6420(c).

3 "(3) OTHER GREENHOUSE GASES EMISSIONS
4 FROM AGRICULTURE.—The carbon fee shall not be
5 levied upon non-fossil fuel greenhouse gas emissions
6 which occur on a farm.

7 "SEC. 9903. EMISSIONS REDUCTION SCHEDULE.

8 "(a) IN GENERAL.—An emissions reduction schedule
9 for greenhouse gas emissions from covered fuels is hereby
10 established, as follows:

"(1) REFERENCE YEAR.—The greenhouse gas
emissions from covered fuels during the year 2015
shall be the reference amount of emissions and shall
be determined from the 'Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990–2015' published by the Environmental Protection Agency in
April of 2017.

18 "(2) EMISSIONS REDUCTION TARGET.—The
19 first emission reduction target shall be for the year
20 2022. The emission target for each year thereafter
21 shall be the previous year's target emissions minus
22 a percentage of emissions during the reference year
23 determined in accordance with the following table:

"Year	Emissions Reduction Target
2015	Reference year

"Year	Emissions Reduction Target
2018 to 2021	No emissions reduction target
2022 to 2030	5 percent of 2015 emissions per year
2030 to 2040	2.5 percent of 2015 emissions per year
2040 to 2050	1.5 percent of 2015 emissions per year

1 "(b) Administrative Determination.—Not later 2 than 60 days after the beginning of each calendar year beginning after the enactment of this section, the Sec-3 4 retary, in consultation with the Administrator, shall determine whether actual emissions of greenhouse gases from 5 covered fuels exceeded the emissions reduction target for 6 the preceding calendar year. The Secretary shall make 7 8 such determination using the same greenhouse gas ac-9 counting method as was used to determine the greenhouse 10 gas emissions in the 'Inventory of U.S. Greenhouse Gas 11 Emissions and Sinks: 1990–2015' published by the Envi-12 ronmental Protection Agency in April of 2017.

13 "SEC. 9904. FEE ON FLUORINATED GREENHOUSE GASES.

"(a) FLUORINATED GAS FEE.—A fee is hereby imposed upon any fluorinated greenhouse gas which is required to be reported under part 98 of title 40, Code of
Federal Regulations.

18 "(b) AMOUNT.—The fee to be paid by the covered19 entity required to so report shall be an amount equal to—

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1	"(1) the total amount, in metric tons of $\rm CO_2$ -
2	e, of emitted fluorinated greenhouse gases (or, in the
3	case of a supplier, emissions that would result deter-
4	mined under the rules of such part), multiplied by
5	((2) an amount equal to 10 percent of the car-
6	bon fee rate in effect under section $9902(d)(1)$ for
7	the calendar year of such emission.
8	"SEC. 9905. DECOMMISSIONING OF CARBON FEE.
9	"(a) IN GENERAL.—At such time that—
10	"(1) the Secretary determines under 9903(b)
11	that actual emissions of greenhouse gases from cov-
12	ered fuels is not more than 10 percent of the green-
13	house gas emissions from covered fuels during the
14	year 2015, and
15	((2) the monthly carbon dividend payable to an
16	adult eligible individual has been less than $$20$ for
17	3 consecutive years,
18	the Secretary shall decommission in an orderly manner all
19	bureaus and programs associated with administering the
20	carbon fee, the carbon border fee adjustment, and the Car-
21	bon Dividend Trust Fund.
22	"(b) INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.—In the case of any
23	calendar year after 2018, the \$20 amount under sub-
24	section (a)(2) shall be increased by an amount equal to—
25	"(1) such dollar amount, multiplied by

"(2) cost-of-living adjustment determined under
 section 1(f)(3) for the calendar year, determined by
 substituting 'calendar year 2017' for 'calendar year
 2016' in subparagraph (A)(ii) thereof.

5 "SEC. 9906. CARBON CAPTURE AND SEQUESTRATION.

6 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation
7 with the Administrator and the Secretary of Energy, shall
8 prescribe regulations for making payments as provided in
9 subsection (b) to qualified facilities which capture and se10 quester qualified carbon dioxide.

11 "(b) PAYMENT AMOUNTS.—

12	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall make
13	payments to a qualified facility in the same manner
14	as if such payment was a refund of an overpayment
15	of the carbon fee imposed by section 9902, in cases
16	in which such qualified facility—

- 17 "(A) uses any covered fuel— 18 "(i) with respect to which the carbon 19 fee has been paid, and 20 "(ii) which results in the emission of 21 qualified carbon dioxide, "(B) captures such emitted qualified car-22 23 bon dioxide, and "(C)(i) sequesters such qualified carbon di-24
- 25 oxide in a manner which is safe, permanent,

1	and in compliance with any applicable local,
2	State, and Federal laws, or
3	"(ii) utilizes such qualified carbon dioxide
4	in a manner provided in paragraph (3)(C).
5	"(2) Amount of Refund.—The payment de-
6	termined under this section shall be an amount
7	equal to the lesser of—
8	"(A)(i) the adjusted metric tons of quali-
9	fied carbon dioxide captured and sequestered or
10	utilized, multiplied by
11	"(ii) the carbon fee rate during the year in
12	which the carbon fee was imposed by section
13	9902 upon the covered fuel to which such car-
14	bon dioxide relates, or
15	"(B) the amount of the carbon fee imposed
16	by section 9902 with respect to such covered
17	fuel.
18	"(3) Definitions and special rules.—For
19	purposes of this section—
20	"(A) QUALIFIED CARBON DIOXIDE; QUALI-
21	FIED FACILITY.—
22	"(i) QUALIFIED CARBON DIOXIDE.—
23	The term 'qualified carbon dioxide' has the
24	same meaning given such term under sec-
25	tion $45Q(b)$.

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"(ii) QUALIFIED FACILITY.—The term 1 2 'qualified facility' means any industrial fa-3 cility at which carbon capture equipment is 4 placed in service. 5 "(B) ADJUSTED TOTAL METRIC TONS.— 6 The adjusted total metric tons of qualified car-7 bon dioxide captured and sequestered or utilized 8 shall be the total tons of qualified carbon diox-9 ide captured and sequestered or utilized, re-10 duced by the amount of any carbon dioxide like-11 ly to escape and be emitted into the atmosphere 12 due to imperfect storage technology or other-13 wise, as determined by the Secretary in con-14 sultation with the Administrator. 15 "(C) UTILIZATION.—The Secretary, in 16 consultation with the Administrator, shall es-17 tablish regulations providing for the methods 18 and processes by which qualified carbon dioxide 19 may be utilized so as to remove that qualified 20 dioxide safely and permanently from the atmos-21 phere. Utilization may include the production of 22 substances such as but not limited to plastics 23 and chemicals. Such regulations shall minimize

25 carbon dioxide into the atmosphere.

the escape or further emission of the qualified

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"(D) SEQUESTRATION.—Not later 540
 days after the date of the enactment of this sec tion, the Secretary, in consultation with the Ad ministrator, shall prescribe regulations identi fying the conditions under which carbon dioxide
 may be safely and permanently sequestered.

"(4) COORDINATION WITH CREDIT FOR CARBON
DIOXIDE SEQUESTRATION.—At such time that the
Secretary prescribes regulations implementing this
section, no payment under this section shall be allowed to a taxpayer to whom a credit has been allowed for any taxable year under section 45Q.

13 "SEC. 9907. ADMINISTRATIVE AUTHORITY.

14 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary in consultation 15 with the Administrator shall prescribe such regulations, 16 and other guidance, as may be necessary to carry out the 17 purposes of this subtitle and assess and collect the carbon 18 fee imposed by section 9902 and the fluorinated green-19 house gas fee imposed by section 9904.

20 "(b) SPECIFICALLY.—Such regulations and guidance21 shall include—

"(1) the identification of an effective point in
the production, distribution, or use of a covered fuel
or fluorinated greenhouse gas for collecting such carbon fee or fluorinated greenhouse gas fee, in such a

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1	manner so as to minimize administrative burden and
2	maximize the extent to which full fuel cycle green-
3	house gas emissions from covered fuels or
4	fluorinated greenhouse gases have the carbon fee or
5	fluorinated greenhouse gas fee levied upon them,
6	((2) the identification of covered entities which
7	shall be liable for the payment of the carbon fee or
8	the fluorinated greenhouse gas fee,
9	"(3) requirements for the monthly payment of
10	such fees,
11	"(4) as may be necessary or convenient, rules
12	for distinguishing between different types of covered
13	fuels,
14	"(5) as may be necessary or convenient, rules
15	for distinguishing between a covered fuel's green-
16	house gas content and its upstream greenhouse gas
17	emissions,
18	"(6) rules to ensure that no covered fuel or
19	fluorinated greenhouse gas has the carbon fee,
20	fluorinated greenhouse gas fee, or carbon border fee
21	adjustment imposed upon it more than once, and
22	((7)) rules to ensure that the domestic imple-
23	mentation of the carbon fee and the fluorinated
24	greenhouse gas fee coordinate with the implementa-

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1	tion of the carbon border fee adjustment of chapter
2	102.
3	"CHAPTER 102—CARBON BORDER FEE
4	ADJUSTMENT
	"Sec. 9908. Carbon border fee adjustment."Sec. 9909. Administration of the carbon border fee adjustment."Sec. 9910. Allocation of carbon border fee adjustment revenues.
5	"SEC. 9908. CARBON BORDER FEE ADJUSTMENT.
6	"(a) IN GENERAL.—The fees imposed by, and re-
7	funds allowed under, this section shall be referred to as

9 "(b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the carbon border 10 fee adjustment is to protect animal, plant, and human life 11 and health, to conserve exhaustible natural resources by 12 preventing carbon leakage, and to facilitate the creation 13 of international agreements.

14 "(c) IMPORTED COVERED FUELS FEE.—In the case
15 of any person that imports into the United States any cov16 ered fuel, there shall be imposed a fee equal to the excess
17 (if any) of—

18 "(1) an amount equal to—

'the carbon border fee adjustment'.

"(A) the amount of full fuel cycle greenhouse gas emissions of such fuel, multiplied by
"(B) the carbon fee rate in effect for the
year in which such fuel is imported, over
"(2) the total foreign cost of carbon carried by
such fuel.

1	"(d) Imported Carbon-intensive Products
2	FEE.—In the case of any person that imports into the
3	United States any carbon-intensive products, there shall
4	be imposed a fee equal to the excess (if any) of—
5	"(1) an amount equal to—
6	"(A) production greenhouse gas emissions
7	of such product, multiplied by
8	"(B) the carbon fee rate in effect for the
9	year in which the production greenhouse gas
10	emissions of such product were emitted into the
11	atmosphere, over
12	((2) the total foreign cost of carbon carried by
13	such product.
14	"(e) Refund on Exports From United
15	STATES.—
16	"(1) CARBON-INTENSIVE PRODUCTS.—Under
17	regulations prescribed by the Secretary, there shall
18	be allowed a credit or refund (without interest) to
19	exporters of carbon-intensive products manufactured
20	or produced in the United States an amount equal
21	to the excess (if any) of—
22	"(A) an amount equal to—
23	"(i) the production greenhouse gas
24	emissions of the exported carbon-intensive
25	product, multiplied by

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1	"(ii) the carbon fee rate during the
2	year in which the carbon fee or fluorinated
3	greenhouse gas fee was paid upon the pro-
4	duction greenhouse gas emissions of the
5	exported carbon-intensive product, over
6	"(B) any total cost of carbon to be levied
7	upon the carbon-intensive product by any juris-
8	diction to which the carbon-intensive product is
9	to be imported.
10	Any such credit or refund shall be allowed in the
11	same manner as if it were an overpayment of the fee
12	imposed by section 9902 or 9904. The Secretary
13	shall establish fair, timely, impartial, and as nec-
14	essary confidential procedures by which any exporter
15	of any product from the United States may petition
16	the Secretary to include that exported product on
17	the list of carbon-intensive products.
18	"(2) COVERED FUELS.—Under regulations pre-
19	scribed by the Secretary, in the case of a covered
20	fuel produced in the United States with respect to
21	which the fee under section 9902 was paid, there
22	shall be allowed as a credit or refund (without inter-
23	est) to any exporter of such covered fuels an amount
24	equal to the excess (if any) of—
25	"(A) an amount equal to—

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1	"(i) the full fuel cycle greenhouse gas
2	emissions of the covered fuel, multiplied by
3	"(ii) the carbon fee rate at the time
4	the carbon fee was paid upon the full fuel
5	cycle greenhouse gas emissions of the ex-
6	ported covered fuel, over
7	"(B) any total cost of carbon to be levied
8	upon the covered fuel by a jurisdiction to which
9	the carbon-intensive product is to be imported.
10	Any such credit or refund shall be allowed in the
11	same manner as if it were an overpayment of tax
12	imposed by section 9902.
13	"(f) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
14	"(1) Foreign cost of carbon; foreign car-
15	BON COSTS.—The term 'foreign cost of carbon' or
16	'foreign carbon cost' means the cost of any laws of
17	a foreign jurisdiction which impose a system of cap-
18	and-trade with respect to, or a tax or fee on, green-
19	house gas. Such cost shall be determined and ex-
20	pressed as a price per ton of CO2-e.
21	"(2) TOTAL COST OF CARBON CARRIED.—The
22	term 'total cost of carbon carried' means an amount
23	equal to—
24	"(A) the production greenhouse gas emis-
25	sions of a carbon-intensive product or the full

1	fuel cycle greenhouse gas emissions of a covered
2	fuel, multiplied by
3	"(B) the cost of carbon with respect to
4	such product or fuel, reduced by any amount
5	refunded with respect to such product or fuel
6	by a foreign jurisdiction.
7	The total cost of carbon carried shall be expressed
8	as price in United States dollars.
9	"(3) TOTAL FOREIGN COST OF CARBON CAR-
10	RIED.—The term 'total foreign cost of carbon car-
11	ried' means an amount equal to—
12	"(A) the production greenhouse gas emis-
13	sions of a carbon-intensive product, or the full
14	fuel cycle greenhouse gas emissions of a covered
15	fuel, multiplied by
16	"(B) the foreign cost of carbon with re-
17	spect to such product or fuel, reduced by the
18	amount refunded with respect to such product
19	or fuel by a foreign jurisdiction.
20	The total foreign cost of carbon carried shall be ex-
21	pressed as price in United States dollars.
22	"SEC. 9909. ADMINISTRATION OF THE CARBON BORDER
23	FEE ADJUSTMENT.
24	"(a) GENERALLY.—The Secretary in consultation
25	with the Administrator shall prescribe regulations and

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guidance which implement the carbon border fee adjust ment under section 9908.

3 "(b) COLLABORATION.—In determining the produc-4 tion greenhouse gas emissions of an imported carbon-in-5 tensive product, the upstream greenhouse gas emissions of an imported covered fuel, the full fuel cycle greenhouse 6 7 gas emissions of an imported covered fuel, or the foreign 8 cost of carbon, or otherwise administering the carbon bor-9 der fee adjustment, it is the sense of Congress that the 10 Secretary should collaborate with authorized officers of 11 any jurisdiction, including sub-national governments, af-12 fected by the carbon border fee adjustment.

13 "(c) METHODOLOGY.—In determining the production 14 greenhouse gas emissions of an imported carbon-intensive 15 product, the upstream greenhouse gas emissions of an im-16 ported covered fuel, the full fuel cycle greenhouse gas 17 emissions of an imported covered fuel, or the foreign cost 18 of carbon, the Secretary shall use reliable methodologies, 19 which—

20 "(1) as may be necessary or convenient—

21 "(A) distinguish between different types of22 covered fuels,

23 "(B) distinguish between a covered fuel's
24 greenhouse gas content and that covered fuel's
25 upstream greenhouse gas emissions,

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"(C) 1 distinguish between the different 2 types of greenhouse gas emissions which com-3 pose a covered fuel's upstream greenhouse gas 4 emissions or greenhouse gas content, as well as 5 the various processes which produced those 6 emissions, and 7 "(D) distinguish between the different 8 types of greenhouse gas emissions which com-9 pose a carbon-intensive product's production 10 greenhouse gas emissions, as well as the various 11 processes which produced those emissions, 12 "(2) ensure that no covered fuel, covered 13 fluorinated greenhouse gas, or carbon-intensive prod-14 uct has the carbon fee, the fluorinated greenhouse 15 gas fee, or the border fee adjustment imposed upon 16 it more than once, 17 "(3) ensure that the implementation of the bor-18 der carbon adjustment aligns with the carbon fee 19 and the fluorinated gas fee, "(4) in the case of incomplete data, rely upon 20 21 the best available methodologies for interpolating 22 data gaps, and "(5) are consistent with international treaties 23 24 and agreements. 25 "(d) SCHEDULE.—The Secretary shall determine—

1 "(1) not later than 3 years after the date of the 2 enactment of this section, the production greenhouse 3 gas emissions of imported carbon-intensive products, 4 ((2)) not later than 180 days after the date of 5 the enactment of this section, the full fuel cycle 6 greenhouse gas emissions and the upstream green-7 house gas emissions of every imported covered fuel, 8 and 9 "(3) not later than 3 years after the date of the 10 enactment of this section, the foreign cost of carbon 11 in all jurisdictions. 12 "(e) PROCEDURE.—The Secretary shall establish

13 fair, timely, impartial, and as necessary confidential procedures by which the importer of any carbon-intensive prod-14 15 uct or any covered fuel may petition the Secretary to revise the Secretary's determination of the production green-16 17 house gas emissions, full fuel cycle greenhouse gas emissions, or upstream greenhouse gas emissions of that im-18 19 porter's imported covered fuel or imported carbon-inten-20 sive product, or the foreign cost of carbon carried by that 21 importer's imported carbon-intensive product.

"(f) SHIPMENTS FROM THE UNITED STATES TO THE
TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES.—Notwithstanding any other treaty, law, or policy, shipments of covered fuels or carbon-intensive products from the United

States to Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, Samoa,
 Puerto Rico, and the Northern Mariana Islands shall be
 eligible for a refund of the carbon fee under section
 9908(e).

5 "(g) IMPORTS TO THE TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED
6 STATES.—Notwithstanding any other treaty, law, or pol7 icy, imports of covered fuels or carbon-intensive products
8 to Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, Samoa, Puerto
9 Rico, and the Northern Mariana Islands shall not be sub10 ject to Section 9908(c) or 9908(d)."

11 "SEC. 9910. ALLOCATION OF CARBON BORDER FEE ADJUST12 MENT REVENUES.

13 "The revenues collected under this chapter may be
14 used to supplement appropriations made available in fiscal
15 years 2018 and thereafter—

"(1) to U.S. Customs and Border Protection, in
such amounts as are necessary to administer the
carbon border fee adjustment, then

"(2) to the Department of Treasury, in such
amounts as are necessary to allow refunds under
section 9908(e) to exporters of carbon-intensive
products and exporters of covered fuels.".

23 (b) COORDINATION WITH CARBON OXIDE SEQUES24 TRATION CREDIT.—Section 45Q(f) is amended by adding
25 at the end the following new paragraph:

"(8) COORDINATION WITH CARBON CAPTURE
 AND SEQUESTRATION PAYMENTS.—No credit shall
 be allowed under this section to a taxpayer which
 has received any payment under section 9906.".

5 (c) TREATIES AND INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIA-6 TIONS.—

7 (1)CONFORMANCE WITH INTERNATIONAL 8 TREATIES.—In the case that the Appellate Body of 9 the World Trade Organization, or any other authori-10 tative international treaty interpreter, shall find any 11 portion of the carbon border fee adjustment under 12 chapter 102 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 13 to violate any treaty to which the United States is 14 a party, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized 15 to alter any aspect of such carbon border fee adjust-16 ment so as to bring the carbon border fee adjust-17 ment into conformance with international law.

18 (2) INTERNATIONAL NEGOTIATIONS.—The Con-19 gress finds the international mitigation of green-20 house gas emissions to be of national importance. 21 Therefore, the Congress encourages the Secretary of 22 State, or the Secretary's designee, to commence and 23 complete negotiations with other nations with the 24 goal of forming treaties, environmental agreements, 25 accords, partnerships or any other instrument that

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1 effectively reduces global greenhouse gas emissions 2 to 10 percent of 2015 levels by 2050 and which re-3 spect the principle of common but differentiated re-4 sponsibilities and respective capabilities. 5 (3) SUSPENSION OF THE CARBON BORDER FEE 6 ADJUSTMENT.—Any part of the carbon border fee 7 adjustment shall be suspended, in whole or in part— 8 (A) by treaty or other international agree-9 ment which includes provisions for the suspen-10 sion of the carbon border fee adjustment, in

> whole or in part, with any party signatory to the treaty or other international agreement, or

13 (B) by a finding of the Secretary that a ju-14 risdiction of importation has implemented poli-15 cies which, in the case of high emitting coun-16 tries, reduce greenhouse gas emissions at a rate 17 at least equivalent to United States greenhouse 18 gas emission reductions, or, in the case of low 19 emitting countries, prevent the increase in 20 greenhouse gas emissions.

Any such finding shall be reviewed at least every 3years and amended or revoked as required.

SEC. 4. ESTABLISHMENT OF THE CARBON DIVIDEND TRUST FUND.

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter A of chapter 98 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at
5 the end the following:

6 "SEC. 9512. CARBON DIVIDEND TRUST FUND.

7 "(a) ESTABLISHMENT AND FUNDING.—There is
8 hereby established in the Treasury of the United States
9 a trust fund to be known as the 'Carbon Dividend Trust
10 Fund', consisting of such amounts as may be appropriated
11 to such trust fund as provided for in this section.

"(b) TRANSFERS TO THE CARBON DIVIDEND TRUST
FUND.—There is hereby appropriated to the Carbon Dividend Trust Fund amounts equal to the fees received into
the Treasury less any amounts refunded or paid under
section 9902(d) or 9906 of chapter 101 for each month.
"(c) EXPENDITURES.—Amounts in the trust fund
shall be available for the following purposes:

19 "(1) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—So much of
20 the expenses necessary to administer the Carbon
21 Dividend Trust Fund for each year, as does not ex22 ceed—

23 "(A) in the case of the first 5 calendar
24 years ending after the date of the enactment of
25 this section, the administrative expenses for any
26 year may not exceed 8 percent of amounts ap-

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propriated to the Carbon Dividend Trust Fund
during such year, and
"(B) in the case of any calendar year
thereafter, 2 percent of the 5-year rolling aver-
age of the amounts appropriated to the Carbon
Dividend Trust Fund.
"(2) Other administrative expenses.—So
much of the expenses as are necessary to administer
chapter 101 for any year as does not to exceed 0.60
percent of the amounts appropriated to the Carbon
Dividend Trust Fund for the previous year, and fur-
ther limited as follows:
"(A) The Department of the Treasury.
"(B) The Social Security Administration.
"(C) The Environmental Protection Agen-
cy.
"(D) Department of State.
"(3) CARBON DIVIDEND PAYMENTS.—
"(A) IN GENERAL.—From the amounts in
the Carbon Dividend Trust Fund made avail-
able under paragraphs (1) and (2) of this sub-
section for any year, the Secretary shall for
each month beginning more than 270 days after
the date of the enactment of the Energy Inno-
vation and Carbon Dividend Act of 2018, make

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carbon	dividend	paym	ents t	o each	eligible	indi-
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"(B) PRO-RATA SHARE.—A carbon dividend payment is one pro-rata share for each adult and half a pro-rata share for each child under 19 years old of amounts available for the month in the Carbon Dividend Trust Fund.

8 "(C) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL.—The term 9 'eligible individual' means, with respect to any 10 month, any natural living person who has a 11 valid Social Security number or taxpayer identi-12 fication number and is a citizen or lawful resi-13 dent of the United States (other than any indi-14 vidual who is a citizen of any possession of the 15 United States and whose bona fide residence is 16 outside of the United States). The Secretary is 17 authorized to verify an individual's eligibility to 18 receive a carbon dividend payment.

19 "(D) FEE TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—
20 Amounts paid under this subsection shall be in21 cludible in gross income.

22 "(E) FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND FEDERAL
23 ASSISTED PROGRAMS.—The carbon dividend
24 amount received by any individual shall not be
25 taken into account as income and shall not be

1	taken into account as resources for purposes of
2	determining the eligibility of such individual or
3	any other individual for benefits or assistance,
4	or the amount or extent of benefits or assist-
5	ance, under any Federal program or under any
6	State or local program financed in whole or in
7	part with Federal funds.
8	"(F) Advance payment.—The Secretary
9	shall transfer to the Carbon Dividend Trust
10	Fund such amounts as are necessary for the
11	disbursement of an advanced carbon dividend to
12	all eligible individuals as follows:
13	"(i) An advanced carbon dividend
14	shall be the same as the anticipated first
15	carbon dividend required to be distributed
16	under subparagraph (A) and shall be dis-
17	tributed the month prior to the first collec-
18	tion of the carbon fee.
19	"(ii) Total amounts disbursed as ad-
20	vanced carbon dividends shall be deducted
21	from the carbon dividends on a pro-rata
22	basis over the first 3 years after the dis-
23	bursement of the first carbon dividends.
24	"(d) Administrative Authority.—The Secretary
25	shall promulgate rules, guidance, and regulations useful

and necessary to implement the Carbon Dividend Trust
 Fund.".

3 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
4 for subchapter A of chapter 98 of such Code is amended
5 by adding at the end the following new item:
"Sec. 9512. Carbon Dividend Trust Fund.".

6 SEC. 5. LIMITED DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.

7 Section 6103(l) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
8 is amended by adding at the end the following new para9 graphs:

10 "(23) LIMITED DISCLOSURE OF IDENTITY IN11 FORMATION RELATING TO CARBON DIVIDEND PAY12 MENTS.—

13 "(A) DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY.—Indi-14 vidual identity information shall, without writ-15 ten request, be open to inspection by or disclo-16 sure to officers and employees of the Depart-17 ment of the Treasury whose official duties re-18 quire such inspection or disclosure for purposes 19 of administering section 9512 (relating the Car-20 bon Dividend Trust Fund).

21 "(B) COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL SECU22 RITY.—The Commissioner of Social Security
23 shall, on written request, disclose to officers
24 and employees of the Department of the Treas25 ury individual identity information which has

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been disclosed to the Social Security Adminis tration as is necessary to administer section
 9512.

4 "(C) RESTRICTION ON DISCLOSURE.—In-5 formation disclosed under this paragraph shall 6 be disclosed only for purposes of, and to the ex-7 tent necessary in, carrying out section 9512.". 8 SEC. 6. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES REVIEW OF CAR-9 BON FEE AND **EMISSIONS** REDUCTION 10 SCHEDULE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 10 years after the
date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy
shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy
of Sciences to prepare a report relating to the carbon fee
imposed by section 9902 of the Internal Revenue Code of
1986 and the emissions reduction schedule established
under section 9903 of such Code.

18 (b) REPORT REQUIREMENTS.—Such report shall—

(1) assess the efficiency and effectiveness of the
carbon fee in achieving the emissions reduction targets set forth in section 9903 of such Code;

(2) describe and make recommendations on
whether the carbon fee rate and annual increases
prescribed by section 9902(c) of such Code should
be adjusted in order to optimize the efficiency and

effectiveness of this Act in achieving the emissions
 reduction targets set forth in section 9903 of such
 Code;

4 (3) describe the potential of the carbon fee to
5 achieve future emissions reduction targets set forth
6 in section 9903(a) of such Code through the year
7 2050;

8 (4) describe and evaluate the effectiveness of 9 the carbon fee in reducing emissions from key sec-10 tors of the economy, including sectors of the econ-11 omy that have decreased their carbon emissions, sec-12 tors of the economy that have increased their carbon 13 emissions, and sectors of the economy in which car-14 bon emissions have not changed;

(5) make findings and recommendations to
Federal departments and agencies and to Congress
on actions that could be taken to reduce carbon
emissions in the sectors of the economy in which
carbon emissions have not decreased;

(6) make findings and recommendations on adjusting regulations enacted under the Clean Air Act
(42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) and other Federal laws
that affect economic sectors achieving the emissions
reduction targets set forth in section 9903 of such
Code; and

(7) provide an assessment of any other factors
 determined to be material to the efficiency and effec tiveness of the carbon fee in achieving the goals set
 forth in this Act.

5 (c) REPORT MADE PUBLICLY AVAILABLE.—Not later 6 than 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, 7 the Secretary of Energy shall submit to Congress the re-8 port required under subsection (a). Such report shall be 9 made electronically available to the public and open to 10 public comment for at least 60 days before the final sub-11 mission to Congress.

12 SEC. 7. IMPACT OF CARBON FEE ON BIOMASS USE AND 13 CARBON SINKS.

(a) STUDY OF BIOMASS.—The Secretary of Energy
shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy
of Sciences to conduct a study, make recommendations,
and submit a report regarding the impact of the carbon
fee imposed by section 9902 of the Internal Revenue Code
of 1986 on the use of biomass as an energy source and
the resulting impacts on carbon sinks.

(b) STUDY REQUIREMENTS.—The study conducted
under subsection (a) by the National Academy of Sciences
shall include analysis, documentation, and determinations
on—

25 (1) the impact of the carbon fee on—

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1	(A) the use of biomass as an energy
2	source; and
3	(B) greenhouse gas emissions from the use
4	of biomass as an energy source;
5	(2) the impacts of the use of biomass as an en-
6	ergy source on carbon sinks; and
7	(3) the various types of biomass that are being
8	used as an energy source.
9	(c) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Based on the findings and
10	conclusions of the study, the National Academy of
11	Sciences shall make recommendations to Federal depart-
12	ments and agencies and to Congress. The recommenda-
13	tions shall include any actions that should be taken to
14	mitigate impacts of the carbon fee on—
15	(1) increasing greenhouse gas emissions from
16	the use of biomass as an energy source; and
17	(2) degradation of carbon sinks relating to the
18	use of biomass as an energy source.
19	(d) Report.—The National Academy of Sciences
20	shall prepare a report that includes any findings and rec-
21	ommendations made pursuant to this section and, not
22	later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of
23	this Act, make such report electronically available to the
24	public.

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1 SEC. 8. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REVIEW.

2 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not earlier than the date that is 3 6 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency (referred 4 5 to in this section as the "Administrator") shall evaluate the effectiveness of the fees imposed by sections 9902, 6 7 9904, and 9908 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 8 at reducing emissions in accordance with the emissions re-9 duction schedule set forth in section 9903 of such Code. 10 (b) REVIEW OF REGULATIONS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Administrator determines that the fees imposed by sections 9902, 9904,
and 9908 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 are
effectively reducing emissions, such that the emissions reduction schedule set forth in section 9903 of
such Code is met or exceeded, the Administrator
may—

18 (A) review any regulations imposed on the
19 combustion of any covered fuel on which a fee
20 is also imposed by section 9902 or 9908 of the
21 Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and

(B) review any regulations imposed on any
fluorinated greenhouse gas on which a fee is
also imposed by section 9904 of the Internal
Revenue Code of 1986.

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1	(2) LIMITATION.—The Administrator shall not
2	review under this subsection any regulation im-
3	posed—
4	(A) on a pollutant that is not a greenhouse
5	gas; or
6	(B) that is imposed for the purpose of—
7	(i) protecting public health and wel-
8	fare;
9	(ii) monitoring, reporting, or record-
10	keeping;
11	(iii) conducting or supporting inves-
12	tigations; or
13	(iv) information collection.
14	SEC. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.
15	The amendments made by this Act shall take effect
16	on the date of the enactment of this Act, except the carbon
17	fee under section 9902 of the Internal Revenue Code of
18	1986 shall apply to uses, sales, or transfers more than
19	270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
20	SEC. 10. PRINCIPLE OF INTERPRETATION.
21	In the case of ambiguity, the texts of this statute and
22	its amending texts shall be interpreted so as to allow for
23	the most effective abatement of greenhouse gas emissions.

1 SEC. 11. NO PREEMPTION OF STATE LAW.

2 Nothing in this legislation shall preempt or super3 sede, or be interpreted to preempt or supersede, any State
4 law or regulation.